



Date: 24-04-2025

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 PM

SECTION A – K1 (CO1)

Answer ALL the questions

(5 x 1 = 5)

1 Fill in the blanks

- a) The multiple correlation coefficient, denoted as RRR, measures the strength of the relationship between a dependent variable and independent variables.
- b) The formula for Mahalanobis Distance measure is defined as
- c) In a Repeated Measures design, the same subjects are tested multiple times under different
- d) In Canonical Correlation Analysis, the primary objective is to maximize the between the linear combinations of the two sets of variables.
- e) is a diagrammatic representation of cluster formation in hierarchical clustering

SECTION A – K2 (CO1)

Answer ALL the questions

(5 x 1 = 5)

2 Definition

- a) Cumulative distributive function.
- b) Partial correlation coefficient.
- c) Sphericity test.
- d) Varimax rotation.
- e) Discriminant analysis.

SECTION B – K3 (CO2)

Answer any THREE of the following

(3 x 10 = 30)

- 3 If X is a 5x1 vector which is distributed as $N_5(\mu, \Sigma)$, find the distribution of $\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ X_4 \end{bmatrix}$.

- 4 The following are the four measurement on the variables X_1 and X_2

X_1	42	52	48	58
X_2	4	5	4	3

Calculate the correlation matrix for the above data.

- 5 Explain the procedure of MANOVA and repeated measures design.

- 6 Discuss varimax rotation and state its uses.

7	Consider the two dataset $X_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 2 & 4 \\ 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$, $X_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 9 \\ 5 & 7 \\ 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ and $S_{\text{pool}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Calculate the linear discriminant function classify the observations $x'_0 = [2 \ 7]$ and $[5 \ 9]$.
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SECTION C – K4 (CO3)

	Answer any TWO of the following (2 x 12.5 = 25)
8	Discuss the sample correlation coefficient in a multivariate context, and elaborate its properties.
9	How does Naïve Bayesian algorithm work for classification problem.
10	Discuss MANOVA for comparing g population mean vectors in detail.
11	Explain the procedure of k-means clustering and Pseudo F-statistic for optimizing the number of clusters.

SECTION D – K5 (CO4)

	Answer any ONE of the following (1 x 15 = 15)																								
12	Obtain Bivariate Normal distribution from multivariate normal density by substituting p=2.																								
13	Calculate partial correlation coefficient $r_{13.2}$ using Pearson correlation approach for the following data: <table><tr><td>X₁</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>5</td><td>3</td><td>1</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>X₂</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>X₃</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>6</td><td>6</td><td>8</td><td>6</td><td>2</td></tr></table>	X ₁	1	2	3	5	3	1	5	X ₂	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	X ₃	2	3	6	6	8	6	2
X ₁	1	2	3	5	3	1	5																		
X ₂	1	1	1	1	2	2	3																		
X ₃	2	3	6	6	8	6	2																		

SECTION E – K6 (CO5)

	Answer any ONE of the following (1 x 20 = 20)																								
14	The following are the measurements with the variables x_1, x_2 and x_3: <table><tr><td>x_1</td><td>53</td><td>35</td><td>33</td><td>50</td><td>33</td><td>53</td><td>43</td></tr><tr><td>x_2</td><td>49</td><td>44</td><td>50</td><td>47</td><td>52</td><td>44</td><td>50</td></tr><tr><td>x_3</td><td>57</td><td>35</td><td>58</td><td>52</td><td>36</td><td>45</td><td>56</td></tr></table> Estimate the mean vectors, covariance matrix and correlation matrix. (4+8+8)	x_1	53	35	33	50	33	53	43	x_2	49	44	50	47	52	44	50	x_3	57	35	58	52	36	45	56
x_1	53	35	33	50	33	53	43																		
x_2	49	44	50	47	52	44	50																		
x_3	57	35	58	52	36	45	56																		
15	Find the clusters using average linkage techniques. Use Euclidean distance and draw the dendrogram. <table><tr><td>X_1</td><td>0.40</td><td>0.22</td><td>0.35</td><td>0.26</td><td>0.08</td><td>0.45</td></tr><tr><td>X_2</td><td>0.53</td><td>0.38</td><td>0.32</td><td>0.19</td><td>0.41</td><td>0.30</td></tr></table>	X_1	0.40	0.22	0.35	0.26	0.08	0.45	X_2	0.53	0.38	0.32	0.19	0.41	0.30										
X_1	0.40	0.22	0.35	0.26	0.08	0.45																			
X_2	0.53	0.38	0.32	0.19	0.41	0.30																			

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